The Ph.D./D.M.A. Programs in Music

April 20, 2023 6:00 p.m. Baisley Powell Elebash Recital Hall



Abigail Hong, violin Po-Wei Ger, piano

Violin Sonata (1922)

Leoš Janáček (1854–1928)

Con moto

Ballada

Allegretto

Adagio

After Bach (2022)

Andante Cantabile

Marco A. Jimenez (b. 2003)

INTERMISSION

Sonata No. 1 in A major for Violin and Piano, Op. 13 (1876)

Gabriel Fauré (1845–1924)

Allegro molto

Andante

Allegro vivo

Allegro quasi presto

Deux Morceaux for Violin and Piano (1911)

Lili Boulanger (1893–1918)

Nocturne - Assez lent

Cortège - Pas vite

This recital is given in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the D.M.A. degree. Please switch off your cell phones and refrain from taking flash pictures.

Notes on the Program

LEOŠ JANÁCEK

(Born July 3, 1854, Hukvaldy, Moravia; died August 12, 1928, Moravská Ostrava)

Violin Sonata (1914-15)

First performance: František Kudlaček and Jaroslav Kvapil, Brno (1922)

Other works from this period: The Cunning Little Vixen (1921-1923); Moravian Folk Songs (1922); In the

Mists (1912); Taras Bulba (1915-1918) Approximate duration: 20 minutes

Leoš Janáček composed one violin sonata in his late sixties and took seven years to complete it from his first sketch in 1914. Each movement was revised at least three times before the premiere finally took place in a hundred years ago in 1922.

"The whole life of man is in folk music," the Czech composer once said. Janáček developed a system for his melodic language, which had deep roots in his study of folksong he called "speech melody." Janáček's musical writing is filled with agogic pulls (the lengthening of certain notes to bring attention to it) that reflect speech patterns and rhythms of spoken words in the Czech language.

The first movement, *Con moto*, begins with a violin cadenza that overflows into a rhapsodic melody joined by the piano with a trembling figure that sounds similar to a cimbalom, a percussive stringed instrument often found in folk groups in Hungary, Moravia, and Romania. The second movement, *Ballada*, is the centerpiece of the sonata and was the first movement of four to be completed in 1914. After the warm sonorities in the *Ballada*, the third movement, marked *Allegretto*, never feels urgent but constantly driven with angst. The sudden changes in tempo and mood are used to bring back melodic motifs from the previous two movements. The last movement is impassioned and relentless, ending the sonata with the piano and violin joining together to find rest in a mysterious and unresolved way.

MARCO A. JIMENEZ (b. 2003)

After Bach (February 2022)

First Performance: Abigail Hong, March 18, 2022 in collaboration with The Juilliard School, Chelsea

Factory, and Jennifer Koh

Approximate duration: 10 minutes

After Bach was written after the Chaconne by Johann Sebastian Bach for unaccompanied violin—the final movement of his Partita No. 2 in D minor, BWV 1004. The melodic and harmonic material, structure, and contour of After Bach takes its inspiration from the Chaconne: the piece interweaves folk-like melodies, appearing in the outer sections of the piece, with Baroque-style counterpoint and figuration, interpreted through a modern lens. After Bach is a loving tribute to both Bach and the Baroque tradition, as well as to the heterogenous traditions of folk music that continue to inspire me.

- Marco Jimenez 2023

Marco A. Jimenez is a composer, organist, pianist, and violinist. He is in his second year at Juilliard, studying composition under John Corigliano and organ under Paul Jacobs. In 2022, Marco received

the Charles Ives Scholarship for Music from the American Academy of Arts and Letters; Marco has won numerous awards for his compositions and has had his work premiered by The Juilliard School, Hypercube Ensemble, and the Bergamot Quartet, among others. Marco's music has been performed along the East Coast of the United States, and in Paris, France. In 2021, he was named a Junior Fellow for the Music at the Anthology (MATA). His composition prizes include First Place in the Florida Federation of Music Clubs Junior Composer's Contest, the John and Margaret Pierson Award for the National Federation of Music Clubs, a two-time Honorable Mention for the ASCAP Foundation Morton Gould Young Composer Award, and a 2022 Composition winner for the National YoungArts Competition. TrevCo Music Publishing has published three of his compositions: Suite No. 1 in E minor for unaccompanied bassoon (2017), A Russian Fantasy (for woodwind quintet) (2017), and A Child's Memories for oboe and piano (2020).

GABRIEL FAURÉ

(Born May 12, 1845, Pamiers, Ariège; died November 4, 1924, Paris) Sonata No. 1 in A Major for Violin and Piano, Op. 13 (1875-6)

Dedication: Paul Viardot

First performance: Paul Viardot, violin Gabriel Fauré, piano (Paris 1877)

Other works from this period: Piano Quartet No. 1 in C Minor, Op. 15 (1876-1879); Berceuse in D

Major for Violin and Piano, op. 16 (1879)

Approximate duration: 26 minutes

"Formal novelty, quest, refinement, curious sonorities, use of the most unexpected rhythms and touches of boldness" is how Camille Saint-Saëns praised Gabriel Fauré's first Violin and Piano Sonata. Both Saint-Saëns and Fauré were leaders in a search for new French musical idioms to replace the longstanding German-centric European style following France's defeat in the Franco-Prussian War in 1871. Tonal beauty, nuance, and delicacy became the focus of Fauré's unique musical style during this period of his life, filled with unorthodox sequences of keys and constant rhythmic layering.

Chamber music is the essence of Fauré's musical language. He wrote two violin sonatas, two cello sonatas, two piano quartets, a piano trio, two piano quintets, and over a hundred songs for voice and piano. Fauré's first Violin Sonata is one of his most played and one of his longest works.

The four movement work begins with longing heartfelt surges from the piano first and then the violin alternating who pushes the wave and who floats behind. It is both songful and strident, at times combining the two to create what Saint-Saëns called "magic...floating above everything." The second movement is a barcarolle transforming from D minor to D major, offering both a sigh of relief and comfort. On the other side of the movement is the scherzo, both witty and wistful, shifting meters and keys with a spontaneity that brings Robert Schumann to mind. Just like Schumann, Fauré explores, with subtlety and abandon, the depth of human emotion: the *innig* and *verklempt* to optimism and passionate triumph in the finale.

LILI BOULANGER

(Born August 21, 1893, Paris, France; died March 15, 1918, Mézy, France)

Deux Morceaux for Violin and Piano: Nocturne (1911) and Cortège (1914) Dedication: Marie Danielle Parenteau (Nocturne), Yvonne Astruc (Cortège)

Other works from this period: Deux Préludes for Piano (1911); Faust et Hélène (1913)

Approximate duration: 6 minutes

Gabriel Fauré was one of the first musicians to recognize Lili Boulanger's musical gift and became her first composition teacher. Lili poured herself into composition for the last ten years of her life. One of her most well-known and performed works is *Faust et Hèléne* (based on Goethe), a cantata for mezzo, tenor, baritone, and orchestra, which eventually wins her the Prix de Rome in 1913 as the first woman to do so.

All of Lili's compositions date from 1910-1918 including these two short pieces published in 1911 and 1914. *Deux Morceaux* for violin or flute and piano, named *Nocturne* and *Cortège*, convey the stillness of night and the joyous outburst of celebration. The *Nocturne* displays tone colors of French Impressionism that influenced Lili through her predecessors: Fauré, Massenet, and Debussy. One may notice a quotation near the end of the Nocturne from a certain *Faun*...

Lili wrote in a letter while deeply ill with bronchitis, "I feel discouraged not because of the suffering, not because of boredom, but because I understand that I would never be able to have in me the feeling that I have done what I would like to do..." *Cortège*, meaning a solemn procession, instead transports us to a world filled with life's blissful moments, some that make your heart race and some that make you want to skip down the street without a care in the world. Perhaps, this jubilant and celebratory view of a cortège was a world Lili yearned for but could never have due to constant physical illness, eventually leading to her early death at age 24.

I would like to thank my teacher, Mark Steinberg, for bringing lightness, warmth, and sincerity as I navigated my first year of doctoral studies. I am grateful for our shared love and deep curiosity in music, the intricacies of coffee, and discovering...pastries.

Thank you to my pianist and dear friend, Po-Wei, for sharing his music and time with me the past few months, and laughter with me the past few years. Preparing this recital with you has been a joy.

About the Artists

Born in Cherry Hill, NJ, violinist **Abigail Hong** is in her first year of doctoral studies at the CUNY Grad Center with Mark Steinberg. She graduated with her Master's degree at The Juilliard School and was awarded a Benzaquen Career Grant and graduated as the Presser Foundation Scholar of her undergraduate class at The New England Conservatory. A passionate chamber musician, Abigail won top prizes at the Fischoff and Plowman Chamber Music Competitions. Abigail taught at City College Academy of the Arts in the Bronx, Harvard University's Quad Chamber Music Program, and the Music Advancement Program at Juilliard for the past three years. Abigail's recent performances include world premieres by Thomas Ades and Rebecca Saunders as Concertmaster of the Verbier, Lucerne, and Spoleto Festival Orchestras. Most of Abigail's summer season is spent in Europe where she has performed in the Berlin Philharmonie, Musikverein, Concertgebouw, Festspielhaus Baden-Baden, KKL Luzern, Rudolfinum, Kölner Philharmonie, and many others. Abigail has performed at festivals including Norfolk, Yellow Barn, Taos, Music@Menlo, and Pablo Casals, and will perform this season with the San Francisco Ballet Orchestra, Sarasota Opera Orchestra as Assistant Concertmaster, Gstaad Festival Orchestra, Verbier Festival Orchestra, and Baltimore Symphony. Her teachers include Amy J. Lee and Soovin Kim, and most recent studies are with Catherine Cho. Abigail plays a Mario Miralles violin and Benoit Rolland bow on generous loan through the Maestro Foundation.

Pianist **Po-Wei Ger** is currently pursuing a Doctor of Musical Arts degree in Manhattan School of Music with Dr. Solomon Mikowsky. Po-Wei began studying piano with Ms. Jia-li Shu at the age of seven. At the age of ten, he further continues his study with Dr. Ming-Hui Lin, piano faculty of the National Taiwan Normal University. He performed in the prizewinner concert of the Mozarteum University Summer Academy in 2012, as part of the program of Salzburg Festival. During his Bachelor of Music degree study with Dr. Solomon Mikowsky in Manhattan School of Music, Po-Wei collaborated with the Cuban National Symphony Orchestra in both 2015 and 2016. He won the 2nd Prize, Chamber Music Prize, and the Audience Award in the Premio Jaén International Piano Competition, 2021. An avid chamber musician, Po-Wei has performed in festivals such as Norfolk Chamber Music Festival, 2019, 2022 and Taos School of Music, summer 2021.